The Alice Knowles brought 1,050 barrels

had given me the information they had without consultation.

Q. And you say that Wise and Jewell failed to give you information? A. I do not mean to say he failed, in an offensive sense, but he did not give it.

Q. Why did you not signal them? A. Because it is the duty of a junior officer to give information to his superior. When Capt. Sigsbee assured me that neither Wise nor Jewell had seen or known anything of the Spanish ships, I accepted that as their assurance, and I understood him, in the conversation, to have conveved it in that sense.

Q. Who made the signal when you met Capt. Chester and communicated with him? A. I think I made that signal for the commanding officer to come on board.

manding officer to come on board.

Q. Then you made that conference?
A. Yes. I made the signal to him to come on board. Just as I did to Capt. Sigsbee

off Santiago.
Q. Did you not intercept Capt. Wise and order him to tow the collier? A. That did not send him more than half or threequarters of a mile away.

Q. You gave him something to do? A.

His First Lieutenant might have done just as he did. My impression is now that the sea was a little sloppy then, and that may have prevented him from coming. I remember that Capt. Sigsbee came on board is subjects.

member that Capt. Signess came on board in rubbers.

Q. Did you not say that the Brooklyn steamed eastward on the retrograde, about twenty-eight miles or perhaps a little more? A. The Brooklyn's log shows "twenty-eight miles, perhaps a little more."

I meant altogether. That was may recollection.

lection.

Q. Does not the Brooklyn's log show 41.7 miles? A. On page 232 it shows about 85 or 36 miles. I merely spoke from recollection. At 6 o'clock I think it is recorded in the Brooklyn's log that the Morro was bearing north by east and distant about seven miles. If we had gone seven miles farther we must have gone pretty close in to the beach. It seems to me that the log indicated about thirty-two or thirty-three miles.

three miles.

Q. The reading of the patent log at 8.

P. M. of the 27th is 41.7, is it not? A. Yes.
but I may not have been steaming that
distance in the same direction. distance in the same direction.

Q. Will not the log show that all the steaming that was done was on a westwardly course? A. The log shows on pages 232 and 234 "from 10 P. M. to midnight, about seventeen miles." There appear to have been several courses that afternoon. From 1 to 3 P. M. the courses are marked "various": but whether that would be included in the record for 4 P. M. I don't know.

PILOT NUSEZ'S MOVEMENTS.

Q. When did you send Pilot Nuñez on shore? A. On the morning of the Sist.
Q. Don't you think it was June 1? A. I may be raistaken, but that was my impression, derived from the fact that Nuñez was left on shore by the Vixen, and the Vixen returned and went back on June 1, when she landed at a nearer point than at first. I cannot recall just the date of his going ashore, but my impression was that it was the 3ist.

The Judge Advocate read the entry on page 266 of the Vixen's log to the effect that she left the flagship at 6, started for Asserrederes, arriving off that place about 7:30; sent pilot ashore on a sailboat under flag of truce with armed guard, in charge of Ensign Kearney.
Q. Does that not indicate to your mind that it was on June 1? A. Naturally that would take precedence of my memory.
Q. You do not know that? A. I am not able to specify absolutely. I think Pilot Nuñez, in his testimony, was a little doubted whether it was the 3ist of May or the lat

Nunez, in his testimony, was a little doubtful whether it was the 31st of May or the 1st

of June.

The Judge Advocate read from the notes of C. H. Harlow, Eleutenant, from S. A. M., to noon of the same day, showing that the weather was fair and pleasant; with light airy breeze from S. S. W.; that the pilot communciated with some Cubans on shore, with the result that he returned on board, accompanied by one of them, and reported having landed some sixteen miles nearer to the Morro, which was more than half the distance to the place where he might expect to find the insurgents; thereupon, the pilot reported having seen the flagship New York flying the flag of Rear Admiral Sampson; that it came within Admiral Sampson; that it came within signal distance and there was some com-munication by signals, after which the pilot companion had rejoined the

Of Santiago.
O. Now it was on the 31st that you had

Q. Now it was on the 31st that you had made the reconnoissance or the bombardment and saw the Colon, was it not? A. I saw herehat day, yes.

Q. And it was on the previous day, if I am not mistaken, that more than one of the enemy's vessels was sighted in the entrance of Santiago harbor, was it not? A. Yes. I think on the 29th we saw the Colon and merely the bows and part of the masts of perhaps the closest ones to us and a bit of her military top. There was also a torpedo boat in the port. I saw one, but some of the officers said that they saw two. I saw but one, as I say, but I reported on the information that they had given me, that there were two.

en me, that there were two. n those two days before Nuñez landed you knew that at least some of the Spanish fleet were there? A. I knew that there

facet were there? A. I knew that there were some vessels there, yes.

Q. When was Nuffez put on board the Brooklyn? Am I right in saving that that was the 26th of May? A. Nuffez was taken on board the Brooklyn on the 18th of May and stayed until the 27th, and then asked that he might return to Jamaica in. I think, the Harvard, for papers or letters or something; I don't remember what.

Q. Did he return? A. He returned on the morning of the 3ist in the Harvard from Kingston.

Q. Why did you not, when he came on

from Kingston.

Q. Why did you not, when he came on board on the 26th, land him and secure the information? A Simply because the information he gave me at that time was positive in its character—that the enemy could not get into the port; that I did not feel it to be necessary.

Q. That was positive in its character, but he did not state it as of his own knowledge? A. It was within his knowledge as an expert pilot at that port.

A. It was within his knowledge as an expert pilot at that port.
Q. You were not afraid of his betraying you? A. I had no idea of that; in fact, I was surprised to hear Capt. Sigsbee say that he was suspicious of Nuñez. I think it was Sigsbee who testified to that effect.
Q. Was it not Capt. Cook who said that?
A. Itmay have been; I don't know that it was said to me. Rayner-It was Capt. Cook who said

Admiral Schley-I trusted to my memory,

The Judge Advocate Nuflez, communicating to you his opinion in regard to this matter, based his entire knowledge upon the possibility of handling a single-screw vessel there, did he not? A He did not name anything of that sort to me. I don't remember that at all.

ember that at all.

I think he said so before the court.
I say, I don't remember his saying it,
what are you to do if you cannot take

A I do not recall any. I only recollect the fact of that statement, which I thought was made by Cape. Signises. Q. When you returned toward Santiago on the afternoon of the 28th, was it because the Spanish squadron was there or because you intended merely to determine whether

you intended incredy to determine whether or not it was there. A I intended to decide the matter as well as I could by observation and by sending on shore.

Q You state, in your testimony in chief.

Out you determined to ascertain whether feeling very sad and creatfalien.

Cervera's fleet was in the harbor? A. Yes,

Cervera's fleet was in the harbor? A. Yes, that was my intention.

Q. Why on that date, then, and after having coaled the Texas and Marbiehead, and before you had seen the Spanish ships, did you signal that you would keep off Santiago until further orders? A. Simply because I found them there.

Q. You did not make that condition known in your signal, did you? A. I did not.

Q. Did you not at the same time telegraph the Department that you would remain at Santiago until forced to replenish coal? A. That was upon the assumption that they were there.

Q. Then that does not mean that you had concluded that they were then there in Santiago harbor? A. No, if I had found upon examination that they were not there I should have sent a scout to the nearest station to ascertain if there was any news of them or probably would have gone myself.

THE ORDERS AND THE BLOCKADE.

Q. When did you first blockade Santiago? A. Practically on the 28th. I think we were close enough in position, as I stated, in my direct testimony, that I saw signals upon the Morro. The signal lower down developed the next day.

Q. At what time on the 28th was this?

A. Bome time in the evening.

Q. Do you consider that in commencing your blockade on the 28th you complied with the orders received on the 23d, and acted with all despatch as required by that order?

A. In view of the information which I had when I got off the port, yes.

Q. Referring to the despatches read in your examination in chief, and printed on page 1,377 of the Record, will you point out to the court in what respect you regard them as pertinent, inasmuch as none were delivered to you until May 31? A. For instance, the first is where the Department discusses the matter of sinking a collier in the mouth of the harbor.

Q. You had already determined to leave the sead you not?

discusses the matter of sinking a coller in the mouth of the harbor.

Q. You had already determined to leave there, had you not? A. I had, if I had not found the enemy there.

Q. Had you, in your signal referred to, or from what the Department indicated, determined that it was conditional upon your finding the enemy there? A. No, I did not think that was necessary.

Q. Did these despatches have anything whatever to do with your remaining off Santiago? A. [After a long pause, in which Admiral Schley examined the despatches]. Yes, the one of the 29th, evidently, was a despatch that was received after the Department had been informed that we had seen the Colon and one other cruiser, because it is an inquiry to learn whether the other two Spanish cruisers were there. Then the other, that of the 30th, was in response to the despatch of the 27th.

whether the other two Spanish cruisers were there. Then the other, that of the 30th, was in response to the despatch of the 27th.

Q. You have said that at Cienfuegos you had the squadron feign disorder to tempt the enemy, if there, to come out? A. Yos; that is, I mean, that they were not in fighting column.

Q. Did you pursue this same plan at Santiago, affer having learned that the Spanish squadron was there? A. In the daytime, generally, yes; whilst we maintained the semblance of a formation we were always close to each other—I mean we were not steaming constantly in front of the harbor, as we did at night.

Q. Then you did adopt the same ruse? A. We did adopt the same ruse generally.

Q. Who of the captains of your fleet and particularly your chief of staff, [Cook], did you inform of this ruse? A. My impression is that I had a talk with Capt. Cook about it.

Q. Did you talk with any of the other captains about it? A. I don't remember that I did. I had a long conference with the commanding officer on the 29th off Santiago, but I can't say whether I mentioned this matter.

Q. What were the orders to the deck officers of the Brooklyn and other ships as to the distance each side of the Morro the vessels were to steam during the night in the Santiago blockade? A. I don't know what the orders to deck officers were. The ships followed the flagship.

Q. Did you keep a squadron night order book? A. No, I did not. When I was captain of the flagship.

Q. Did you keep a squadron night order book? A. No, I did not. When I was captain of the flagship.

Q. Did you keep a squadron night order book? A. No, I did not. When I was captain of the flagship.

Q. But you don't know whether Capt. Cook gave the information to the officer of the deck? A. Well, Cook was a very careful man and I suppose he did it.

The Court at this point adjourned.

DIVORCE FRAUD FALLS FLAT. Jury Takes Dr. Campbell's Word for It Calls His Bedford Park Church Trustees That He Is Not Gullty of Wife's Charge.

bell against Dr. Robert E. Campbell for an absolute divorce, a jury in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn before Justice Garretson decided yesterday that Dr. Campbell was not guilty of adultery with Cora Bell Durham in the Derby Hotel in David City. Neb., on Oct. 3, 1900. The proceedings were taken to determine whether the full case should go to trial.

The plaintiff is the daughter of the late Thomas Thornton of Buffalo, who left a large estate. The corespondent in the case at first deposed that she had been guilty of the act charged, but when brought on to Brooklyn testified that she had not told the truth, but had been the tool of a plot to get a divorce for Mrs. Campbell. She had gone to the doctor's room in the David City hotel on an excuse, in order to be caught there. The witness was

threatened at the time with arrest for perjury.

Dr. Campbell was asked yesterday if he had committed adultery with Cora Belle Durham. He denied the allegation and the jury at once returned its verdict. The plaintiff did not appear. The case will now go before the Special Term for final adjudication.

Dr. Campbell declares that the action was taken by his wife simply because she was of a jealous disposition. He said he had a large practice with women, and that his wife followed him about Buffalo and watched him when he entered the homes of his patients. This, he said, had caused his practice to drop off. Mrs. Campbell is about 50 years of age and her husband about fifteen years older. He has practiced medicine in Buffalo for thirty-six years.

SAYS POUGHKEEPSIE IS HIS. And Britton Has a Satchel Full of Paper

to Prove It, but He's Sad. POUGHEREPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 29.-John F Britton, aged 83 years, of 116 East Sixtyeighth street, New York, arrived in this city to-day and went before Recorder Morschauser, armed with a satchel loaded with old papers, claiming that he is the rightful owner of 264 acres of land which comprise the whole northeastern part of Poughkeepste.

Britton says he has been a Baptist missionary for sixty years and has seen much of the country. He says that the property was owned by his grandmother, who left it by deed to his mother, formerly Elizabeth Lewis, long since dead. The old man had the deed with him to support his claim on the property. The deed is written on a sheet of parchment three feet square and the pilot's knowledge of a given port?

Q. I think you are enlarging it. A. No according to the papers subsequently submitted I think it was found that his conclusion was justified.

Q. Subsequent experience developed the fact that the enemy were in the harbor? A. Yes, undoubtedly. If I had known that is, if I had lesen as well prepared beforehand as I was afterward.

Q. Do you remember whether there was try discussion on beard of what could be a single-screw vessel in the harbor? A. I do not recall any. I only recollect queer law that takes a man's property from him, but we don't all have the say about the making of these laws." he making of these laws.
Britton also had the marriage certificates f his relatives and all the family records to never lived in Poughkeepsie, but says a is related to the Lewis families here.

PRESENT DEPRESSION IMPELS TO THAT COURSE.

They Are Unwilling to Go On Losing Money So Have Concluded to Shut Up Shop

Vessels Chartered Early in the Forson Are Also Source of Heavy Loss Now.

FIRMS QUIT THE GRAIN TRADE

Rumors which were current early yesterday of prospective withdrawals from business of several houses in the grain-exporting trade were confirmed late in the day. although for obvious reasons the names of the firms which purpose retiring were not stated for publication. It was said frankly by persons in position to know, however, that at least three exporting firms would wind up their business presently having sustained all the losses which they cared to stand by reason of the slump in ocean frieght rates, which has demoralized the grain-exporting business within the

These withdrawals from business may not necessarily be regarded as failures in the technical sense. The houses have failed of the success they anticipated, but they are not expected to make assignments. In at least one instance, a house which is among the three classed as ready for dissolution, was an outgrowth of another well-established firm, and that older firm has at different times had three such auxiliary bouses, which flourished in good times and were closed up when the tide of business began to ebb. Such was the statement made yesterday by a man of wide experience in the business.

The shipping business has been so brisk for several years that investment in freight room in advance was popular, and prices were high. summer came the damage to the corn crop and there was a tremendous slump in the demand for freight room, so that September and October, usually good months, found great numbers of ships with nothing to carry out. The freight room that had been engaged in the spring at high rates, the ships that had been engaged on time charters, with a view of carrying eastward the wheat needed in Europe and England, were thrown upon the market, idle, or as competitors for any cargo available.

The foreign buyers, seeing the predicament of the exporters and brokers and shipping men, merely lay back in their chairs and declined to buy beyond their immediate needs at the high prices at which wheat was held here. Some exporters with much cargo room on their summer came the damage to the corn

porters with much cargo room on their hands at a daily loss have sent over wheat on consignment, on the off chance of be-ing able to get rid of it at some sort of a profit. This, of course, has not tended to ing able to get rid or it at some sort of a profit. This, of course, has not tended to benefit the general situation. More careful estimates of the French and German wheat crops have steadily lessened the reported European shortage, and with the continuance of overabundant freight room the ocean rates have continued to fall, so that there has been nothing to urge the European buyer to haste in purchasing these consignments. The result has been the determination, as reported, of the firms already referred to and also of

se that there has been nothing to urge the European buyer to haste in purchasing these consignments. The result has been the determination, as reported, of the firms already referred to and also of some at other ports to wind up their affairs and quit the business.

It was said yesterday that one firm stood to lose, at present rates, \$800,000 on eighteen time charters of vessels now on its hands. Four ships were said to be engaged under a charter at £75 a day and to be making £30 a day. A story that vessels in large numbers are lying up here idle was denied. It was said that they are being sent out with what short cargo they can get. Among the vessels here idle as yet, which it had been expected would be busy carrying exports, were named the Richmond Castle, Hill Glen, Maritow, Lowther Castle, Heathburn, Manan, Gairlot, Jupiter, Nordkin, Guildhall and John Sanderson.

It was said yesterday that the speculative grain business at the Produce Exchange has fallen away so greatly that some of the private wires of Chicago Board of Trade houses to the floor of the Produce Exchange are to be discontinued.

REV. WAYLAND SPAULDING OUT.

Slow-Golfig to Live in New England. The Rev. Wayland Spaulding, pastor of the Bedford Park Congregational Church, has resigned. Mr. Spaulding preached his last sermon at the church on Sunday. He says he is going to Townsend, Mass. to live with his father, and hopes to secure a pastorate in that locality. Mr. Spaulding has been at Bedford Park for seven years. He has been regarded as an able

Some members of the Bedford Park flock were surprised when the pastor announced his resignation last Sunday, but not many. The pastor said yesterday that the only criticism he cared to make regarding the church, is that the trustees are behind the times, and are not aggressive enough to suit him. The principal that the trustees were not hustler did not look after the church's funds

did not look after the church's funds closely enough. They have been backward several times in paying him his salary, but the arrears had all been paid.

"You may have a well-groomed horse," said Mr. Spaulding, "but if you don't give him plenty to eat he will not go. We have a fine church here, but the trustees think they can sit down, fold their hands and that matters will go along smoothly. I have found out differently. I spoke to the trustees about the matter several times. trustees about the matter several times but they did not see fit to take my advice I even went so far as to volunteer to go out and try to raise money for the church, but they would not agree to such a pro-ceeding. I have a father 90 years old, at Townsend, who wants me to come home, and I think I will have no trouble in getting

a pastorate there."
Augustus H. Allen, a lawyer, is President
of the Board of Trustees of the church.
He said: "The only obstacle to Mr. Spaulding remaining our paster, is Spaul-himself. Mr. Allen said that it was Spaulding who called "Mark Twain" a generate recently at a meeting of Congre gational ministers in Brooklyn, because Clemens's remarks about foreign

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Two Whaling Barks in With Valuable

MACK FROM THE SOUTH SEAS. LAW HITS DR. GREEN, BROKER MAYOR BOUNCES CITY CLERK.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29,-Two South Sea whaling barks, the Alice Knowles and the Charles W. Morgan, arrived to-day after a cruise of nearly a year among the equa-torial islands off the Japan coast, and in Okhotsk Sea. Both report good catches.

sperm oil and 150 barrels of whale oil. the left here Nov. 13 last, sailing direct o the South Seas. Mrs. Montgomery, wife f the captain, accompanied her husband on the cruise, as she had done for four years before. Neither sickness nor death on board is reported. At Ponapi, in the Caroline group, Chief Jocoy gave Capt. Montgomery a fine cane been given to him by Gen. Weyler when

the latter was Governor General of the Philippines and was on a trip to Ponapi, then Spanish territory. Gen. Weyier's name is engraved on the silver handle of he cane. The catch of the Charles W. Morgan, Capt The catch of the Charles W. Morgan, Capt. Earle, was exceptionally good, amounting to 1,700 barrels of sperm oil, 350 barrels of whale oil, worth in the neighborhood of 16.50 a barrel, and over 5,000 pounds of bone, worth \$4 a pound. Leaving here on Nov. 22, last, the Morgan sailed to Marquesas, cruising along the line, touching at Ebon Island, thence to the coast of Japan, and Okhotsk Sea. Off Japan a huge sperm whale crushed three of the boats, but none of the men was hurt. One of the boats

whale crushed three of the boats, but none of the men was hurt. One of the boats was caught between the jaws of the whale and crushed into kindling wood, Third Mate Martin narrowly escaping.

It was the Morgan that aroused the ire of the Germans at Ponapi, in the Caroline group, some of the crew having sold a few old rifles to the natives last year. Capt. Earle heard later that the Germans were walting for him with cannon and he omitted

Earle heard later that the Germans were waiting for him with cannon and he omitted calling at Ponapi.

The Morgan reports having spoken the Gayhead on Aug. 27 in Okhotsk Sea, with 500 barrels of oil. The California was spoken on Sept. 13 with 1 200 barrels of sporm oil and one right whale. The John and Winthrop was seen after leaving Okhotsk Sea, but too far to speak. Last spring the vessel had 150 barrels of sperm oil. vessel had 150 barrels of sperm oil.

Both the Alice Knowles and Charles W Morgan will sail again in a few weeks.

ROCKEFELLER'S GIFT IN USE. The West Side Neighborhood House Thrown Open Last Evening.

The West Side Neighborhood House at Fiftieth street and Tenth avenue, which was erected by John D Rockefeller, and put at the disposal of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church for work in the West Side, was formally opened last night. Addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. W. H. P. Faunce, President of Brown University and a former pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. R. P. Johnston, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church; A. A. Hill, head worker of the new house and the Rev. W. S. Richardson. After the addresses the building was

thrown open for inspection.

The object of the new building is to The object of the new building is to provide the facilities of a club for the residents of the neighborhood. It is to be run on a broad basis and religion will not be associated directly with its work. It is proposed that the building shall be open to all irrespective of sect. It contains several club rooms for uses of literary or social gatherings, a bowling alley and baths, reading rooms and a well appointed gymnasium The second floor has been designed for

The second floor has been designed for the use of small children. It contains a kindergarten room, where public classes will be conducted, and a public day nursery. The idea of the house originated with Dr. Faunce several years ago. He appointed a committee to discuss the plan and when it was definitely decided to build John D. Rockefeller offered to erect the building at his own expense and put it at the disposal of the church. It is five stories high.

HAD DIAMONDS WORTH \$2,000. Having Robbery Plunder.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.- A woman who gave the name Anna Larint was arrested by the police on Saturday night while atpawnshop, whose suspicions she aroused in attempting to pawn a diamond. She was taken to the central station, where diawas taken to the central station, where the monds worth at least \$2,000, newly set, were found on her, with a lot of pawn-tickets. She told the police several stories that were found to be untrue, and they held her, suspecting that the diamonds were secured dishonestly.

were secured dishonestly.

To-day the dectectives recovered on one of the pawntickets a fine gold watch with the initials M. M. outlined in diamonds on the case. A description of this was sent to the New York police, it being the opinion of the police here that it answered the description of a watch stelen there

"MAMMA MADE ME STEAL" Wall of a 14-Year-Old Girl Caught Shop

Hitting With Her Mother Mrs. Mary Pauchek and Emma Pauchek, her fourteen-year-old daughter, both of 43 Grey street, Jersey City, were arrested by a woman detective on the charge of shoplifting yesterday afternoon as they were leaving a Sixth avenue department store. They attempted to throw away some fancy goods worth \$9 When they were taken to the West Thirtieth street police station the little girl began to cry. "I didn't want to steal, but mamma "I didn't want to steal, but mamma made me, she sobbed. "She has made me The mother had nothing to say She was locked up and the little girl was given in charge of the Children's Society. Both were well dressed and well spoken. The mether had n

SMALL FARMER MADE RICH. George Strides Goes to South Africa to

Get Property Worth \$500,000. LOCKPORT, N. Y., Oct. 29. - George Strides esterday sailed from New York for South Africa to take possession of property of his brother, James, who was killed in an ex-

piosion of firedamp a few weeks ago.

The brothers came to this country twenty years ago from England, and James finally went to South Africa, where he accumulated property said to be worth \$500,000 George oroperty said to be worth \$500,000. George ettled down on a small farm east of Middle out. He could port. He read of his brother's death in a New York paper and salied by direction of London attorneys in charge of his brother's affairs. He read of his brother's death in a

BISHOPRIC FOR DR. LUBECK. Rector of Zion and St. Timothy May Sucered the Late Bishop Little John.

It is thought that it may be found impossible for the Episcopal Convention which is soon to meet for the selection of a which is soon to meet for the season of a successor to the late Bishop Lattlejohn, to agree upon a man within the Long Island diocesse. Should such prove to be the case, the choice, it is said, may fall upon the Rev. Dr. Henry Lubeck, rector of the Caurch of Zion and St. Timsthy, Man-

Jenious Stepfather Kitis Child and Himself. St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 29 - Henry Schroeder shot and killed his seven-year-old stepdaughter, Katie Rierst, this morning, shot at but missed his other stepchild, Henry Kierst, aged 11, and then sent a builet through his own brain. Schroeder was jealous of the affection shown the children by their mother, with whom he had quar

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

RETIRED MINISTER AND ONCE COLLEGE PRESIDENT.

Personal Friends Mourn Loss of Money In "Discretionary Pool" Office Truck Went Out in a Dray and Monroe County Grand Jury is at Work.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 29 .- If anybody rants to see the office effects of the Investment Association of New York, stock brokers, formerly located in handsome offices at 100 Broadway, but now said to be at 44 Broadway, New York, he will be compelled to come to Rochester and visit a corner in the District Attorney's office. For the last week the Grand Jury of Monroe county has been engaged in investigating the Investment Association of New York, but if indictments have been found it has not yet been announced.

There are about 300 farmers and clergymen over a wide area in New York State who say that they have been swindled by 'he Investment Association of New York in sums ranging from \$100 to \$7,000. The worst part of the scheme is that the victims were played through professed friendship and gave up their money with the assump tion that they were dealing with personal friends. In several instances the customers of the Investment Association of New York gave up all their property and are now bankrupt.

The Investment association has a re tired Presbyterian minister at its head, the Rev. Rufus S. Green, D. D. M. L. Wilcox is Secretary. The Rev. Dr. Green was President of Elmira College at Elmira, N. Y., up to 1996, and in that year went to New York to open a broker's office. It was just about that time that the Investment ssociation was organized to do a general brokerage business. Its letterheads state that it is incorporated under the laws of the State of New York. One of its specialties was the notorious "discretionary pool."

The field of operations of the investment association was a peculiar one. So far as is known, it did not try to get customers from among the people close to New York city. Most of the victims live in this part city. Most of the victims live in this part of the State and, strangely enough, there are about half a hundred ministers in the lot. The degrees of the Rev. Dr. Green attracted many of them, and the apparently honest methods of doing business had their effect.

had their effect.

Numerous complaints were sent to District Attorney Warren's office and he decided to probe the concern's affairs. Deputy Sheriff Salyerds went to New York city Sheriff Salyerds went to New York city with orders to seize all the documents he could find. He hired a dray and, taking possession of the office, to the inexpressible grief of the Kev. Dr. Green, he pitched everything that looked like evidence into a drygoods box, leaving only the desks and chairs, labelled it "District Attorney's Office, Rochester," and started for home.

The association's documents contain a mass of correspondence between the Investment Association and its victims. Some of the letters contain pathetic appeals for money that has been invested.

noney that has been invested.

COINERS OF CENTS CAUGHT. Arrests in Brooklyn, Boston and Baltimore Plant Selzed.

United States Secret Service agents made arrests yesterday in three cities of members of a gang of counterfeiters who for a year or more have been floating counterfeit pennies. The counterfeiting plant itself, which up to two months ago was operated in the attic of a house on Fulton street, Brooklyn, was seized in Boston, and at the same time William Weiner and Israel Usher, both of whom formerly lived in this city, were arrested.

In Brooklyn Max Levine, a jeweller at 107 Osborn street, was arrested by Secret Service men and locked up in Raymond street jail, and Henry Lerner and Rosa Lerner, his daughter, were arrested in Baltimore. The latter were both fugitives from justice, having been under indict-ment here since last February. Levine was held by United States Com-missioner Morle in Brooklyn in \$5,000 bail,

and Lerner and his daughter by United States Commissioner Shields under \$500 bail each. Secret Service agents have been at work

Secret Service agents have been at work on the case for over a year, but these are the first arrests of any importance. The first clue to the gang was discovered when, in January last, Fanme Lerner, the twelve year-old daughter of Henry Lerner, was arrested in a Chinese store in Mott street, this city, for attempting to pass twenty-five bad cents. The girl was indicted, pleaded engity, and sentence upon her was any bad cents The girl was indicted, pleaded guilty and sentence upon her was suspended by Judge Thomas. The investigation of her case, however, led to the indictment of her father, who was a jewelry pedler and lived at 111 Stanton street, and his daughter Rosa. They fled. Some time ago it was learned that they were in Baltimore, but as they were wanted for passing the coins only, and not for making them, they were not arrested until the Secret Service men got the coiners.

Agent W. D. Flynn, in charge of the United States Secret Service in this city, considers the arrests of great importance.

"These counterfeits." he said, "are exceedingly troublesome. They are very well made and will fool even experts. They are easy to put into circulation and hard are easy to put into circulation and hard to retire, for no one ever takes the trouble to look carefully at a cent. And yet they have been pouring into the Sub-Treasury here in New York at the rate of 5,000 a month

for a year or so. Making counterfeit cents is the most profitable of all sorts of coun-terfeiting. The copper costs only 18 cents a pound and they can make 130 from a pound."
Washinoron, Oct. 29.—William Weiner's
alias is John Lavene. Weiner is a Russion
coppersmith of exceptional skill and has
already served three years in prison for
making counterfeit cents. His first arrest

making counterfeit cents. was in Philadelphia in 1893.

Turpentine Trust Branch.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29. The turpenting manufacturers of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana have been organized as a branch of the Turpentine Operators Association, of the Turpentine Operators Association, formed at Jacksonville, Fla., in August, which proposes to take in all the manufacturers in the United States. The association decided to form associations in all parts of the turpentine field; to cooperate so as to regulate the wages paid the labor, mainly negroes, employed in the turpentine orchards: to curtail production so as to prevent the overproduction which is held responsible for the present low prices, and to regulate as far as possible the price of turpentine, resin and other naval store products.

R-I-PA:NS

secuse I ate what my doctor said I could not and should not cat because I longed I had gastritis in the worst form could not sliep at night. It I would starve myself I would feel a little better. I had tried everything one could think of, for I had been troubled for ten years. The least noise used to disturb me. I am glad to say I have recovered my health and I owe to KIP ANS Tabules. I carry them with me all the time, even when I go

At druggists.

The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The tamily bottle, to cents, contains a supply for a year.

Hoyt Loaned Out City of Mount Vernon's

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Oct. 20.-Mayor Fiske of this city, who is running on the Democratic ticket for a fourth term, publicly suspended City Clerk William N. Hoyt, one of his appointees, to-day, on the grounds that he had "neglected his duties and conducted his office in an unbusinesslike man-

A few days ago it was shown that Hoyt had deposited the city moneys in the First National Bank with his own and then loaned them out to various Democratic politicians. Mayor Fiske himself was an admitted borrower. The Mayor's action in suspending the City Clerk is based on the report of Gideon D. Pond, an expert accountant who has examined the books and says Hoyt was \$1,572 short on Oct. 1 last. Since that time Hoyt has made up the deficiency. The Republicans declare that Mayor Fiske in suspending Hoyt is playing his last card to save himself from defeat at the hands of Dr. Edward F. Brush, the Republican nominee for Mayor. They say that the Mayor must have known of the shortage some time ago. City Clerk Hoyt comes of a good family. He is a nephew of the late William P. Abendroth, the millionaire iron manufacturer of Port Chester.

The exposure of the Hoyt deficiency it is believed, will also defeat Comptroller Richard Sedar, who is running for reelection on the Democratic ticket. Sedar was ordered several weeks ago to make an examination of Hoyt's accounts. who has examined the books and says Hoyt

make an examination of Hoyt's accounts but the shortage was not mentioned in his

AFTERTHE HECKER HOMESTEAD Mrs. Bellont Tries to Secure Possessi

on a Mortgage for \$20,000. BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 29 .- A contest over the Hecker estate in Noroton, Conn. which is valued at \$25,000 has been precipitated by the institution of a foreclos ure suit here to-day by Kate B. Belioni against John V. Hecker, both of New York city, to recover an alleged debt of \$20,000. In the suit, Frederick R. Coudert of New

York city, Josidh W. Wentworth of West Shokan, N. Y., and Edward P. Selvin of Orange Mountain, N. Y., are made co

Mrs Belloni alleges in her bill of complaint that in April, 1896, John V. Hecker to secure a note for \$20,000, executed a mortgage on his cetate in her favor, which SMITH, GRAY & CO., mortgage on his estate in her favor, which was duly recorded in the office of the town clerk at Darien. In November, 1895, five months before the execution of the mortgage, she says that Hecker conveyed by deed all his property to the trustees named. The deed of conveyance was not recorded until Oct. 2, 1900, almost five years after the mortgage had been recorded.

Mrs. Belloni asks the Civil Superior Court of this county, to which the case is return-

Mrs. Belloni asks the Civil Superier Court of this county, to which the case is returnable during its present term, to give her a judgment on the note she holds that will place her in possession of the premises which now stands in the names of the Hecker estate trustees. A bitterly contested litigation is likely, as Mr. Hecker will not surrender his homestead without a fight.

SURETY COMPANY PROSECUTION. Detective Witnesses Against Delaware

bilities there are many creditors mentioned, the amount of whose claims are unknown.

Magistrate Olmsted heard additional testimony yesterday in the examination of Robert L. Martin and Harry Velthusen, respectively President and Treasurer of the Delaware Surety Company, who are accused of perjury in that on May 15, 1991, they swore that the surety company had 11,000,000 capital, paid up in cash. The sompany was formed by F. August Heinze and his brother, Otto Heinze, to guarantee proper reimbursements by the Heinze copper interests in the Montana litigation with the Amalgamated Copper Company, with the Amalgamated Copper Company, with the Amalgamated Copper Company, with the event of a decision adverse to the Heinze interests.

Ernest L. Wagenfuhr, superintendent of the detective agency which furnished the aw firm of Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson with the affidavits relating to the status of the Delaware Surety Company, was ross-examined for the defence, He is the mony yesterday in the examination of Robert L. Martin and Harry Velthusen, respectively President and Treasurer of the Delaware Surety Company, who are accused of perjury in that on May 15, 1901, they swore that the surety company had \$1,000,000 capital, paid up in cash. The company was formed by F. August Heinze and his brother, Otto Heinze, to guarantee

and his brother, Otto Heinze, to guarantee proper reimbursements by the Heinze copper interests in the Montana litigation with the Amalgamated Copper Company, in the event of a decision adverse to the Heinze interests.

Ernest L. Wagenfuhr, superintendent of the detective agency which furnished the law firm of Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson with the affidavits relating to the status of the Delaware Surety Company, was cross-examined for the defence. He is the complaining witness against Martin and Velthusen. The cross-examination related principally to the detectives employed, the principally to the detectives employed, the compensation they received, the interviews they had and the records they examined to obtain the information about the surety company, afterward furnished to Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson. The witness admitted that not all the information about the company which his agency obtained was used in the affidavits upon which the progression was begun, but insisted that prosecution was begun, but insisted that the detectives' affidavits were nevertheless

\$2,600,000 GOLD GOES THURSDAY. By La Champagne to Paris Both Ship-

ments Will Be Bars. Lazard Frères will send to Paris \$2,000,000 in gold by the steamship La Champagne to-morrow. Goldman, Sachs & Co. send \$600,000 by the same vessel. shipments will be made in the form of bars, In each instance the firms stated yesterday afternoon that the shipment was not made because of any special inducement, but that the ruling rates for foreign ex-change had been such that the shipment appeared to be a profitable business trans-

Lazard Frères, as agents of the London, Lazard Frères, as agents of the London, Paris and American Bank of San Francisco, were advised yesterday of the following gold shipments from the East: £100,000, sovereigns, on the steamship due in San Francisco Nov. 25 and 500,000 yen gold in the steamship due at San Francisco Nov. 26. The Sub-Treasury yesterday paid out about \$350,000 for foreign gold described at San Francisco and about \$360,000. sited at San Francisco and about \$360,000 r domestic gold deposited at Seattle.

COLLUSION IN THE BIDS? Contract for Soldiers' Monument Approach Not Awarded.

The contract for the approach to the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument was not awarded yesterday. The Memorial Commission met in the Mayor's office. Thomas Dwyer's bid is \$59.400. The next lowest bid is John C. Sheehan's \$31,000. Mayor Van Wyck and J. A. Goulden voted to award the contract to Mr. Dwyer, but on the suggestion of Recorder Goff action was deferred until Mr. Dwyer's sureties had been investigated. The Recorder thinks the difference between Dwyer's bid and Shee-

an's is extraordinary.

Mr. Goulden said that he understood the Mr. Goulden said that there was collusion Recorder to believe that there was collusion somewhere between the contractors. Mr. Goulden also stated that two of the bids appeared to be in the same handwriting.

DAMAGE VERDICT TOO SMALL Jury Allowed Miss Aird Only 850 to Breach of Promise Sult Set Aside.

The verdict of \$50 damages in favor of Miss Elizabeth T. Aird of Jersey City in her suit for breach of promise against Mar tin Daly, a retired grocer, was set aside tin Daly, a retired grocer, was set aside yesterday by Judge Henry M. Nevins in the Hudson County Circuit Court. Daly is nearly 60 years old and is said to be worth \$60,000. Mass Aird is 25 years his junior and admits being worth \$40,000.

Several jurors said after the trial that they assessed the damages to her wounded.

heart at a small amount because she had money enough. The Judge said that the a promise and a breach, therefore the damages were not substantial.

A sign tacked to the front of an umbrella factors in the neighborhood of Broadway and threat reads. Tippers Wanted and yet it is only a short distance from the source of supply at 300 Mulherry street and the front office. Brooklyn Adrertisement.



A "Drive in Overcoats" \$15. Bargains.

100 Light weight Raglans, mostly silk-lined, \$25 to \$35 - - - Now \$15.

50 Light weight Surtouts, some silk-lined \$25 to \$30 - - - Now \$15.

50 Heavy Raglans, worsted lined, silk shoulders, \$20 to \$35 - - - Now \$15.

300 Light weight Top Coats, some silk-lined, \$18 to \$30 - - - Now \$15.

200 Heavy weight Overcoats, Blacks, Oxfords and Coverts (small sizes and some up to 46 size) - - - \$15.

> Your choice to-day and Thursday, \$15.

BROOKLYN,

Fulton Street at Flatbush Ave.

GEORGE LEDERER'S DEBTS. Schedules in Bankruptey of the Well-Known Theatrical Manager.

Schedules in bankruptcy of George W. Lederer, theatrical manager, of 1540 Broadway, against whom a creditor's petition in bankruptcy was filed on Aug. 21, show known liabilities \$119,770 and nominal assets \$167,000, consisting of eight claims against various persons, some of which are in suit. Beside the known liabilities there are many creditors mentioned, the amount of whose claims are unknown.

MEMORIAL TO BELLE ARCHER.

ranite Block Unvelled at Her Grave in Easton, Pa. EASTON, Pa., Oct. 29th .- A memorial of triangular granite was unveiled in the Easton Cemetery this afternoon over the Easton Cemetery this afternoon over the grave of Belle Archer, the actress. Her parents. Mr. and Mrs. James I. Mingle, of Bayonne, N. J., her sister, Mrs. J. R. Lennant and husband, and W. Clark Noble, the sculptor, of New York, and Mayor B. Rush Field of Easton, with a few friends were present. In a bronze tablet on the face of the monument is a bronze medallion profile of Miss Archer taken from a favorite photograph. The inscription reads:

"To the memory of Belle Archer, born in Easton, Pa., Sept. 5, 1858; died in Warren, Pa., Sept. 19, 1969. By her brilliant accomplishments and rare graces of mind and

plishments and rare graces of mind and person she gave distinction in the his-trionic arts to the name of Belle Archer, "The Master leaning reached a hand and whispered "It is finished."

Not Neva Aymar Who Was Whipped. Neva Aymar, who is doing a pickaninny sketch in a Manhattan music hall, asks THE SUN to say that it was not she who was thrashed with a dog whip in the Tenderloin by another woman on Monday afternoon and who complained to the police. Neither she nor her mother knew anything about the woman who was whipped.

DIEO. ALEXANDER -At Princeton, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1901. Janetta, only daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Archibald Alexander, in the

Nith year of her are.
Funeral services will be held at the Second Pres-byterian. Church, Princeton, on Thursday, Oct. 31, 1901, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. AVPRILL. At Invington on the Hudson, on Mon-day, Oct. 28, 1901. Many Frances, daughter of the late Augustin and Margaret France

Averili of this city

Funeral services at her late residence, 20 West 190th St. on Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1901, at 11 A. M.
DEVOK.—At Saranac Lake, N. Y., on Sunday,
Oct. 27, 1901, George W. Devoe, Jr., son of
George W. Devoe of 108 Cottage St., Jersey

City Heights, aged 29 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Thursday, Oct. 31, 1901, at 6.30 o'clock P. M. at the Simpson M. R. Church, Central av., near Hoboken av., Jersey City Heights.

City Heights

FREIMAN — At Lee, Mass., on Sunday, Oct. 27;
1901, at the residence of her son-in-law, C. C.
Holsembe, M. D., Vestlana Quackenhush,
wife of N. M. Freeman, M. D., of this city,
Services will be held at the Collegiate Reformed
Church, 5th av. and 48th st., New York, (A.
Wednesday, Oct. 20, 1901, at 1:20 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to be present. Panny Edith Bourne, wife of George H. Griebel.

Puneral from the residence of her father, William Bourne, 114 West 174th st., on Thursday, Oct. HARRISON - At New Haven, Conn., at his home, on Tursday, Oct. 20, 1901. Henry B. Harrison, former Governor of the State of Connecticut, in the first year of his age.

LYON As Deglewood, N & on Tuesday, Oct M., 1901 of pursupostia, Faunte Dinamore, wife of

MARSH At Scarodale, N. Y., on Sunday, or 21. 1901. Caroline Crane, widow of the Hoa, George P Marsis, former Minister to Italy, in her slith year. Funeral services at the residence of her nephra

A B Crane Scarsdale, N. Y., on Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1901, on arrival of 2.86 train, Harrion R. R. Interment private

denor. 17to become av Agnes, believed sister of Mahari and Teross held. Funcial in Wednesday Oct. 30, 1800, at 830 A.M. to St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Leatington. ev and sett at livigities and friends are respectfully sevited to pitend.